Question Paper Code: 57173

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY/JUNE 2016 Fifth Semester

Civil Engineering

CE 6502 - FOUNDATION ENGINEERING

(Regulations 2013)

Time: Three Hours

1.

Maximum: 100 Marks

(UNIVERSITY QUESTION)

Answer ALL questions.

 $PART - A (10 \times 2 = 20 Marks)$

Differentiate disturbed and undisturbed samples. What are the limitations of Static Cone Penetration test? 2.

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- What are the modes of failure of shallow foundations? 3.
- List various methods of minimising total and differential settlement. 4.
- When does strap footing preferred? 5.
- Draw the contact pressure distribution diagram below rigid footing resting on clay and 6. sand.
- State Feld's rule for determining group capacity of pile groups. 7.
- What is under reamed pile? When is it preferred? 8.
- Draw the variation of lateral earth pressure with wall movement. 9.
- Draw the force polygon for lateral active earth pressure on wall retaining cohesionless 10. soil according to Coulomb's wedge theory.

11. (0) Why SPT 'N' values recorded in sand at different depths are corrected for (1) overburden and submergence? How these corrections are applied? (8)Explain wash boring method of advancing bore hole. (ii) (8)OR (b) (i) Explain the arrangements and operation of stationary piston sampler. State its advantages over other samplers, (8)Explain in detail the salient features of bore log report. (iii) (8)12. (a) Determine the ultimate bearing capacity of a strip footing, 1.5 m wide, with its base at a depth of 1m, resting on a dry sand stratum. Take $\gamma = 17 \text{ kN/m}^3$; $\phi = 38^\circ$; Use IS code method. For $\phi = 38^\circ$, $N_q = 48.9$ and N,= 56.2. (8)The following data was obtained from a plate load test carried out on a 60 cm square test plate at a depth of 2 m below ground surface on a sandy soil which extends upto a large depth. Determine the settlement of a foundation 3.0 m × 3.0 m carrying a load of 1100 kN and located at a depth of 2 m below ground surface.

 $PART - B (5 \times 16 = 80 Marks)$

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2.0 4.0 OR

7.5

11.0

250

16.3

300

23.5

350

34.0

400

45.0

50 100 150 200

Load intensity, kN/m2

Settlement, mm

(b) (i) A strip footing of 1.5 m wide, resting on a sand stratum with its base at a depth of 1m. The properties of the sand are: γ = 17 kN/m³, γ_{sat} = 20 kN/m³, φ = 38° and c' = 0. Determine the ultimate bearing capacity of the footing using Terzaghi's theory if the ground water table is located at a depth of 0.5m below the base of the footing. For φ = 38°,

2

assuming general shear failure $N_q = 60$ and $N_{\gamma} = 75$.

(8)

(UNIVERSITY QUESTION)

may of 2.5 or a 2.5 to 7 be single of Encodering to 2 is and the tolerable sentences to 40 min. The soil is easily with Hamilton Personalist Number of CO. Take a factor of rafety of 3. The water table is very draw. A respectively familing to be he graveled to expect here equive reduction of 10 year and 50 year right respectively. Columns are 6 or agent and the age. busing opposits of the and is 400 ayear. The bigget aritime upone 1000 EV and the smaller 2000 EN. Depart a possible size of the Seeing to that it show not proved beyond the faces of the economi-2591 (ii) Paping with your shorts different types of dealine Westerland Explain the conventional matters of proportioning of intil desirable 1100 (ii) Promotion a continguise combined froming for two colorests 2 as ones. The enterior collabor of time (0.5 as a 0.3) or matrix a load of 645 kW and referring column of the 0.4 to a 0.4 to nation to bud of 900 gAt. The afferentia sail pressure is 100 kS/m2. 18. 10. (1) Classify the pile franchis market neckerson 00 this is proposed to provide pile frontains for a beavy colours, the pile group consisting of 4 piles, glassed at 2 to senter to control, familing a terms powers. The ambriquest soil in clay having the of enthus as

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column trad on the pile car, if the primer upodar hering disserting it if the peak and bringth or 100 mg 1396 104 mittel.

on third and at depth 10 so, so not know! Compar the elements

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	compressive strength of 60 kN/m2. Work out the center to center spacing	
	of the piles for a group efficiency factor of 1. Neglect	
	the piles.	(10)
	(ii) Discuss the method of obtaining ultimate load and al	so allowable load on
	a single pile from pile load test.	(6)
15. (
	pressure on rigid retaining wall.	(16)
	OR	
((b) Explain Rankine's theory for active and passive earth precohesive soil. Consider both presence and absence of ten	essures on rigid wall sion crack for active
	case.	(16)
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(b) (i) A group of nine piles, 12 m long and 250 mm in diameter, is to be arranged in a square form in a clay soil with an average unconfined