## Question Paper Code: 53116

B.E./B.Tech. Degree Examinations, November/December 2010

Third Ser nester

Electronics and CommuNIC CIRCUITS - I

EC 2205-ELECTRO<sub>15 2008)</sub>

Time:

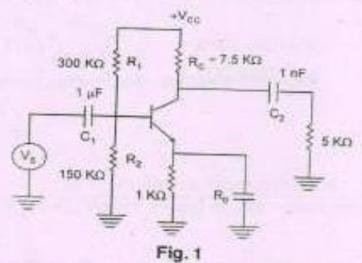
(Regulation

Maximum: 100 Marks

Three Hours

Questions 1.0% c = 20 Marks)

- 1. How can collector current be stabilized with respect to Ico variations?
- Derive for the stability factor S for a Fixed Bias circuit. 2.
- 3. Define CMRR.
- 4. Draw a Darlington amplifier with Bootstrapp arrangement.
- 5. Why common base amplifier is preferred for high frequency signal when compared to common emitter amplifier?
- Calculate the cut-off frequency due to  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  in the circuit shown in figure 1.



7. What is meant by cross over distortion in class B power amplifier and how it is corrected?

- A BJT has a maximum power dissipation of 2W at ambient temperature of 25°C and maximum junction temperature of 150°C, find its thermal resistance.
- 9. Briefly explain the working of Zener regulator.
- Derive the ripple factor of induction filter connected to FWR.

## PART B-(5 × 16 = 80 Marks)

- 11. (a) Draw a Self (voltage divider) Bias and derive all the stability factors S, S and S. (16)

  (or)
- (b) (i) Locate the operating point of the circuit shown.
   (Figure 1). (8)

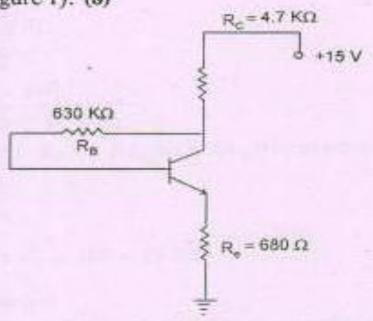


Fig. 1

$$V_{ce} = 15V$$

$$h_{fe} = 200.$$