

# SRI VIDYA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY COURSE PLAN (THEORY)



ACADEMIC YEAR: 2018-2019

Subject Code	CE8392			P	Т	С
Subject Title	ENGINEERING GEOLOGY		3	0	0	3
Year / Dept / Sem	II / CIVIL / III Regulation		Year	2017		
Faculty Name / Desg / Dept	Mr.R.MANIKANDAN.M.E.,/ Assistant Professor / CIVIL					
Course Prerequisite	The students should know about the basic concepts of science and earth.					
	2. The students must have known geology.	owledge abo	ut the	e func	lament	als of

## **ENGINEERING GEOLOGY**

## **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of this course the students will be able to understand the importance of geological knowledge such as earth, earthquake, volcanism and to apply this knowledge in projects such as dams, tunnels, bridges, roads, airport and harbor as well as to choose types of foundations.

## UNIT 1 PHYSICAL GEOLOGY

9

Geology in civil engineering – branches of geology – structure of earth and its composition – weathering of rocks – scale of weathering – soils - landforms and processes associated with river, wind, groundwater and sea – relevance to civil engineering. Plate tectonics – Earth quakes – Seismic zones in India.

UNIT II MINEROLOGY 9

Physical properties of minerals – Quartz group, Feldspar group, Pyroxene - hypersthene and augite, Amphibole – hornblende, Mica – muscovite and biotite, Calcite, Gypsum and Clay minerals.

UNIT III PETROLOGY 9

Classification of rocks, distinction between Igneous, Sedimentary and Metamorphic rocks. Engineering properties of rocks. Description, occurrence, engineering properties, distribution and uses of Granite, Dolerite, Basalt, Sandstone, Limestone, Laterite, Shale, Quartzite, Marble, Slate, Gneiss and Schist.

## UNIT IV STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY AND GEOPHYSICAL METHODS

9

Geological maps – attitude of beds, study of structures – folds, faults and joints – relevance to civil engineering. Geophysical methods – Seismic and electrical methods for subsurface investigations.

## UNIT V APPLICATION OF GEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONS

Remote sensing for civil engineering applications; Geological conditions necessary for design and construction of Dams, Reservoirs, Tunnels, and Road cuttings - Hydrogeological investigations and mining - Coastal protection structures. Investigation of Landslides, causes and mitigation.

## **TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Varghese, P.C., Engineering Geology for Civil Engineering Prentice Hall of India Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, 2012.
- 2. Venkat Reddy. D. Engineering Geology, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Lt, 2010.
- 3. Gokhale KVGK, "Principles of Engineering Geology", B.S. Publications, Hyderabad 2011.
- 4. Chenna Kesavulu N. "Textbook of Engineering Geology", Macmillan India Ltd., 2009.
- 5. Parbin Singh. A "Text book of Engineering and General Geology", Katson publishing house, Ludhiana 2009.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Muthiayya, V.D. "A Text of Geology", Oxford IBH Publications, Calcutta, 1969
- 2. Blyth F.G.H. and de Freitas M.H., Geology for Engineers, Edward Arnold, London, 2010.
- 3. Bell .F.G.. "Fundamentals of Engineering Geology", B.S. Publications. Hyderabad 2011.
- 4. Dobrin, M.B "An introduction to geophysical prospecting", McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1988.

	CO1: To introduce the need for prestressing as well as the methods, types and advantages of prestressing to the students.
	CO2: Students will be introduced to the design of prestressed concrete structures subjected to flexure.
Course Objectives (CO)	CO3: Students will be introduced to the design of prestressed concrete structures subjected to shear.
	CO4: Calculate prestress losses for simple prestressed concrete girders.
	CO5: Design prestressed concrete girders for flexure using current design procedures
	CO6 : Construct moment-curvature and load-deflection curves for a prestressed concrete beam
Expected Course Outcomes	At the end of the course, the students should be able to: ECO1: Student shall have knowledge on methods of prestressing
(ECO)	ECO2: Able to design various prestressed concrete structural elements.

Mapping of CO & PO(Specify the PO's) - (Fill the col.s with the legend given below)

9

	PO1	PO2	P03	P04	PO5	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P011	P012
CO1	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
CO2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-
CO3	2	3	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	2	-
CO5	3	3	2	-	3	-	2	3	-	3	-	3
C06	3	3	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bridging the Curriculum Gap  (Additional Topics beyond syllabus/Seminars/Assignmen ts)  BCG1: Crystal formation of rocks  BCG2: Engineering properties of rocks  BCG3: Presence of minerals in rocks  W1: <a href="http://www.journals.elsevier.com/engineering.geology/">http://www.journals.elsevier.com/engineering.geology/</a>						/						
Related Web	osite or	ALS		72: www					n /what	ic aroun	dwaters	uctom
Related Video Course Materials (min. 3 no.s)			de V	V1: <a href="https://www.study.com/academy/lesson/what">https://www.study.com/academy/lesson/what</a> is groundwater system definition.  V2: <a href="https://www.study.com/academy/lesson/what">https://www.study.com/academy/lesson/what</a> is geology.html  V3: <a href="https://nptelvideos.com/civlengineering/engineering.geology">https://nptelvideos.com/civlengineering.geology</a>							ystem	

S.No	Topic Name	Book - P. No	Teaching Aids	No of hrs	Cumulative hrs
UNIT	1 PHYSICAL GEOLOGY				
Geology in civil engineering – branches of geology – structure of earth and its composition – weathering of rocks – scale of weathering – soils - landforms and processes associated with river, wind, groundwater and sea – relevance to civil engineering. Plate tectonics – Earth quakes – Seismic zones in India.					
1.	Geology in civil engineering	Own notes	Class room teaching&discussion	1	1
1. 2.	Geology in civil engineering  Branches of geology			1	1 2
	0. 0	notes	teaching&discussion	_	_
2.	Branches of geology	notes T5 T5	teaching&discussion Xerox	1	2

	groundwater and sea – relevance to civil engineering				
6.	Plate tectonics – Earth quakes – Seismic zones in India.	T5 (456- 479)	Class room teaching with ppt & seminar	1	9
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#### UNIT II MINEROLOGY

Physical properties of minerals – Quartz group, Feldspar group, Pyroxene - hypersthene and augite, Amphibole – hornblende, Mica – muscovite and biotite, Calcite, Gypsum and Clay minerals.

	Physical properties of minerals	<b>T5</b>	Class room teaching	2	11
1.		(196-	with ppt		
		212)			
	Crystallography	<b>T5</b>	Class room teaching	1	12
2.		(213-	with ppt		
		237)			
	Quartz group, Feldspar group,	T5	Class room teaching	6	18
	Pyroxene - hypersthene and augite,		with ppt and		
	Amphibole – hornblende, Mica –		assignments		
3.	muscovite and biotite, Calcite, Gypsum				
	and Clay minerals.				
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## **UNIT III PETROLOGY**

Classification of rocks, distinction between Igneous, Sedimentary and Metamorphic rocks. Engineering properties of rocks. Description, occurrence, engineering properties, distribution and uses of Granite, Dolerite, Basalt, Sandstone, Limestone, Laterite, Shale, Quartzite, Marble, Slate, Gneiss and Schist.

	Classification of rocks	T5		2	20
		(260-	Class room teaching		
1.		262,290-	with ppt and		
		293,313-	assignments		
		314)			
	Engineering properties of rocks	T5	Class room teaching	2	22
2.		(261-			
		288)			
	Sedimentary rocks	T5	Class room teaching	2	24
3.		(290-			
		312)			
	Metamorphic rocks.	T5	Class room teaching	2	26
4.		(313-			
		331)			
5.	Occurrence and engineering properties	T5(260-	Tutorial	1	27
5.	of rocks	329)			
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UNIT IV STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY AND GEOPHYSICAL METHODS Geological maps – attitude of beds, study of structures – folds, faults and joints – relevance to civil engineering.

Geophysical methods – Seismic and electrical methods for subsurface investigations

		T5	Class room teaching	1	28
1.	Geological maps –study of structures	(109- 110)			

		T5(115-	Class room teaching	2	30
2.	Folds and it types	130)			
3.	Fault and it types	T5(133- 164)	Class room teaching	2	32
4.	Joint and it types	T5(152- 158)	Class room teaching	1	33
5.	Geophysical methods-Seismic and electrical methods	T5(510- 521)	Class room teaching	3	36
UNIT	V APPLICATION	OF	GEOLOGICAL	INVE	ESTIGATIONS

Remote sensing for civil engineering applications; Geological conditions necessary for design and construction of Dams, Reservoirs, Tunnels, and Road cuttings - Hydrogeological investigations and mining - Coastal protection structures. Investigation of Landslides, causes and mitigation.

1.	Remote sensing for civil engineering applications	Xerox	Class room teaching	1	37
	applications		with ppt		
	Geological conditions necessary for	T5	Class room teaching	2	39
2.	design and construction of Dams,	(525-	with ppt		
	Reservoirs	540)			
	Tunnels, and Road cuttings	T5	Class room teaching	2	41
3.		(541-	with ppt		
		560)			
	Hydrogeological investigations and	T5	Class room teaching	1	42
4.	mining - Coastal protection structures	(184-	with ppt		
4.		186,165-			
		170)			
	Investigation of Landslides	T5	Class room teaching	2	44
5.		(480-	with ppt		
		496)			
6.	Geological considerations	T5	Tutorial	1	45

	Prepared by	Approved by
Signature		
Name	Mr.R.Manikandan	Mr.P.Suresh kumar
Designation	Assistant Professor / CIVIL	Professor&HOD (CIVIL)
Signed date		

# **LEGEND:**

## METHODOLOGY TO MAP OBJECTIVE WITH OUTCOME

Course outcomes are achieved through

- a. Suitable Analogies.
- **b.** Class room teaching.
- **c.** Assignments.
- d. Tutorials
- e. Weekly, monthly and model exams.
- f. Brain storming.
- **g.** Group discussion and role play.
- h. Seminars